Multiple choice questions

1. Identify the person whose image is given. He wrote the book "Poverty and Un-British Rule in India".



- (a) W C Bonnerjee
- (b) Dadabhai Naoriji
- (c) Badruddin Tyabji
- (d) Ferozshah Mehta
- 2. Identify the leader who said, "Freedom is my birthright and I shall have it"?



- (a) Lala Lajpat Rai
- (b) Mahatma Gandhi
- (c) Bal Gangadhar Tilak (d) Bipin Chandra Pal
- 3. The boycott and Swadeshi movements began with
 - (a) Formation of Indian National Congress
 - (b) Emergence of Mahatma Gandhi
 - (c) Partition of Bengal
 - (d) Jallianwala Bagh tragedy
- 4. The Public Safety Ordinance was passed in 1929 to
 - (a) Prohibit all Indians from carrying arms

- (b) To put in jail any one who wrote against the British
- (c) To remove from India "anti-British and foreign communist agents"
- (d) All of the above
- **5.** Identify the memorial.



(a) India Gate

- (b) Chauri Chaura memorial
- (c) Gateway of India
- (d) War memorial
- **6.** Gandhiji decided to break the salt tax to launch the Civil Disobedience Movement because
 - (a) The British taxed the salt and had a monopoly over its production
 - (b) Salt was a basic necessity for all sections of society
 - (c) Both (a) and (b)
 - (d) Gandhiji knew how to make salt
- 7. Put the events of national movement in the correct chronological order.
 - I. Second Round Table Conference
 - II. Non-Cooperation Movement
 - III. Quit India Movement
 - IV. Jallianwala Bagh Massacre

Options:

- (a) IV, II, I, III
- (b) IV, III, II, I
- (c) I, II, III, IV
- (d) IV, II, III, I